

## **Appendix 6.2 Short Practice Guide – Examples of Positive Actions for Adult Safeguarding Plans**

<b>Actions to promote the safety and wellbeing of an adult, and for resolution &amp; recovery from the experience of abuse or neglect.</b>	<b>Actions to prevent further abuse or neglect by a person or an organisation.</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Provision of care and support services to promote safety and wellbeing (e.g. homecare, telecare).</li> <li>• Security measures e.g. door locks and entry devices, personal alarms, telephone or pager, CCTV.</li> <li>• Flags on agency systems – for example markers on Police systems to ensure a priority response</li> <li>• Education and or guidance to increase a person’s ability to protect themselves e.g. The Freedom Programme for domestic abuse concerns or information on door-step crimes.</li> <li>• Support or activities that increase self-esteem and confidence.</li> <li>• Advocacy services.</li> <li>• Counselling and therapeutic support.</li> <li>• Mediation or family group conferencing.</li> <li>• Domestic abuse support services.</li> <li>• Restorative justice.</li> <li>• Circles of support.</li> <li>• Befriending.</li> <li>• Blocking nuisance calls or advice from Trading Standards.</li> <li>• Neighbourhood watch.</li> <li>• Application for Criminal Injuries Compensation</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Reassessing and changing support provision for an adult with care &amp; support needs who poses a risk of harm to other service user/s.</li> <li>• Carrying out a carers assessment and providing services to decrease risk of harm</li> <li>• Change of support services provided to an adult to decrease carer stress.</li> <li>• Increased observation of and appropriate interventions to prevent harmful behaviour by other service users</li> <li>• Meeting with an individual who poses a risk of harm and negotiating changes to their behaviour.</li> <li>• Family group conferencing/mediation to consider changes to behaviour that present a risk of harm</li> <li>• Criminal prosecution.</li> <li>• Enforcement action by CQC, including cancellation of registration</li> <li>• Application for a Court Order e.g. restraining contact or an anti-social behaviour order.</li> <li>• Application to the Court of Protection to change/remove a Lasting Power of Attorney</li> <li>• Application to the Department of Work and Pensions to change / cancel appointeeship.</li> <li>• Civil Law remedies e.g. suing for damages</li> <li>• Prosecution by Trading Standards</li> </ul>

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Appointeeship.</li> <li>• Application to the Court of Protection for single decision or court appointed deputy</li> <li>• Application to the High Court under inherent jurisdiction</li> <li>• Domestic abuse prevention orders, forced marriage prevention orders.</li> <li>• Civil injunctions.</li> <li>• Guardianship order under the Mental Health Act e.g. to require residence or require access be given</li> <li>• Support through the Criminal Justice system; Independent Domestic Violence Advocate (IDVA), ISVA, Intermediary Service.</li> <li>• Support to recover from crime and for advice on the criminal justice system- Victim Support.</li> <li>• Support to make visual evidence for later use if decide to make criminal complaint- Visual Evidence for Victims.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Referral to the relevant registration body (e.g. Nursing and Midwifery Council, Social Work England, General Medical Council)</li> <li>• Training needs assessment, supervision (of employee/volunteer) or disciplinary action following an internal investigation</li> <li>• Organisational review (e.g. of staffing levels, policies/procedures, working practices, or culture).</li> <li>• Referral to Disclosure and Barring Service.</li> </ul>
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